3,1 Britain and the world



What happened to the British Empire? How has Brexit affected Britain?



Britain as a world power

BRITISH EMPIRE

- expansion of Empire to the east after loss of North American colonies
- → trade = wealth for Britain > imposed Western values on native populations

3

INDIA

- > colonisation: for trade and political purposes
- > 1947: independence from Britain → controversial partition into India and Pakistan \rightarrow riots and displaced people
- > today: strong economy; good education for the well-off; caste system more flexible

POST-COLONIALISM

- > newly independent nations had to rediscover their own identity
- > today: calls on Britain to confront its colonial past and make reparations



THE COMMONWEALTH

- formed to maintain economic ties with former colonies
- → educational, cultural, professional exchange



BREXIT

- o referendum in 2016: slight majority voted to leave o process completed 2020
- → loss of economic benefits e.g. single market; shortage of workers
- → lack of promised benefits, e.g. fewer immigrants, more money for NHS
- → loss of freedom of movement for UK citizens

IMPORTANT VOCABULARY

to conquer conscription controversial empire to govern

erobern Einberufung umstritten Reich regieren, verwalten

to invoke negotiations partition penal colony persecution

aktivieren Verhandlungen Aufteilung Strafkolonie

Verfolgung

reparations riot to settle slavery

Wiedergutmachungen Unruhen besiedeln Sklaverei