

Words, word, words ...

1 Words Celebrations TB | p. 207

Match picture and word.

Verbinde Bild und Wort.

1



A Diwali

2



B New Year (s Eve)

3



C Birthday

4



D Christmas

5



E Valentine's day

6



F Halloween

7



G Easter

8



H Hanukkah

2 Words Best fit

Which word fits best? Underline it.
Welches Wort passt am besten? Unterstreiche es.

- 1 I have a cat and again/also/about a dog.
- 2 My friend and I always help each other/especially/enough with our homework.
- 3 Grandfather's house is bigger ten/there/than our house.
- 4 A year against/alone/ago we went to Spain.
- 5 Not every/easy/excited girl likes the colour pink.
- 6 It was raining but we were shelf/safe/sheep in the house.
- 7 It is a tradition/tank/thing to celebrate Christmas with your family.
- 8 Bonfire Night is a big eleven/elephant/event in England.

3 Words Verbs, verbs, verbs ▶ TB | p. 184 + 185

Complete the sentences with the verbs from the box in the simple past.
Vervollständige die Sätze mit den Verben in der einfachen Vergangenheit.



- 1 He _____ in his name and address.
- 2 She said she didn't like him and she really _____ it.
- 3 Their teacher _____ that the students study harder.
- 4 Rajiv _____ his uncle when he arrived in India.
- 5 On our last holiday we _____ on the beach.
- 6 Last year he _____ to marry her.
- 7 It _____ that everybody had fun at the party.
- 8 My parents _____ all their friends to our bonfire party.

4 Spelling What a mess

Unscramble the words.
Entwirre die Wörter.

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| aaceirttv _____ | aabegimnrss _____ |
| afluw _____ | eiorssu _____ |
| eeghortt _____ | aeemnsttt _____ |
| aanwyy _____ | abblopy _____ |

The comparison of adjectives

Es gibt regelmäßige und unregelmäßige Steigerungen von Adjektiven.

1 Die **regelmäßigen** Adjektive mit einer oder zwei Silben steigern sich auf **-er**, und **-est**.

cheap, cheaper, cheapest (billig, billiger, am billigsten)

Bei **zweisilbigen** Adjektiven die auf **y** enden, wird aus dem **y** ein **i**.

pretty, prettier, prettiest

Weitere Schreibweisen: *hot, hotter, hottest; nice, nicer, nicest*

2 Die **regelmäßigen** Adjektive mit mehr als zwei Silben – also alle langen Adjektive – werden mit **more** und **most** gesteigert.

expensive – **more** expensive – **most** expensive

3 **Unregelmäßige** Steigerungen von Adjektiven

Wie überall, gibt es Ausnahmen. Diese musst du lernen. good, better, best; bad, worse, worst

5 Grammar Comparing adjectives ▶ TB | p. 190 + 191

Compare the adjectives.

Steigere die Adjektive.

old, _____, _____

interesting _____, _____

strong, _____, _____

boring _____, _____

tall _____, _____

good _____, _____

windy, _____, _____

bad, _____, _____

easy _____, _____

safe, _____, _____

6 Grammar Comparison of adjectives ▶ TB | p. 190 + 191

Use the right words to complete the dialogue.

Benutze die richtigen Wörter, um die Lücken zu füllen.

good/better/the best

cheap/cheaper/the cheapest

interesting/more interesting/the most interesting

Simon: Hi! I went shopping with my mum. Do you like my sunglasses? I only paid £5.

Charlie: That's not _____. My sunglasses were _____.
I only paid £4.

William: I only paid £3. So my sunglasses were _____.

Simon: But my new mobile is very _____.

Charlie: Yes, your mobile is good, but my mobile is _____.

William: Come on boys, my mobile is _____.

2.1 Verstehen und Üben

Simon: My new book is very, very _____ !

William: My favourite book is _____ .

Charlie: But my book is the _____ of all!

Wenn du ungleiche Dinge miteinander vergleichen möchtest, dann benutzt du **than**.

*My bike is faster **than** yours.*

*The blue shoes are more expensive **than** the red ones.*

Sind die Eigenschaften von zwei Dingen oder Personen gleich, dann benutzt du **as ... as**.

*I am **as** tall **as** my mother.*

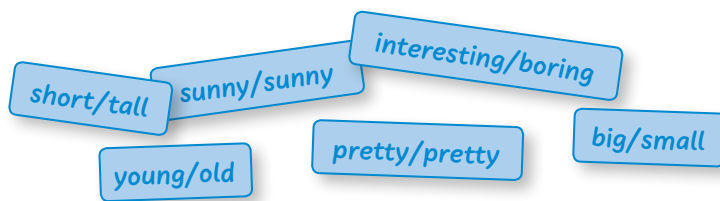
*You are **as** slow **as** a tortoise.*



7 Grammar **Sarah and Anne** ▶ TB | p. 191

Fill in the missing words. There are words given.

Vervollständige die Sätze. Es sind Worte vorgegeben.



Sarah: This book is **m** _____

i _____ **t** _____ that book.

Your father is **s** _____

my father.

My sister is **Y** _____

your brother.

It's **s** _____ here.

Our house is **b** _____

your house.

My new skirt is _____ **p** _____

_____ your new skirt.

Anne: My book is not _____ **i** _____

_____ your book.

Your father is **t** _____

my father.

My brother is **o** _____

Sarah's sister.

The weather here in Manchester is _____

s _____ at your house.

Our house is **s** _____ in

London.

My new skirt is _____ **p** _____

_____ your skirt so both have a really pretty skirts.